



COMMUNITY-BASED MUSKOX AND CARIBOU HEALTH MONITORING

ACTIVITY UPDATE – JUNE 2023

USING FILTER PAPER SAMPLES TO DETERMINE PREGNANCY IN MUSKOXEN



PARTNERS



Kugluktuk Angoniatit Association



Olokhaktomiut Hunters and Trappers Committee



Ekaluktutiak Hunters and Trappers Organization



Government of Nunavut



Government of Northwest Territories

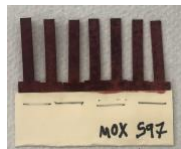
WHAT ARE WE DOING?

Olivia's work focuses on pregnancy diagnosis methods and on the mechanism behind population declines of muskoxen. With the samples and data from the harvester-based health monitoring program, she has been exploring the importance of disease and nutrition in pregnancy.



Olivia Hee, MSc Student
olivia.hee@ucalgary.ca

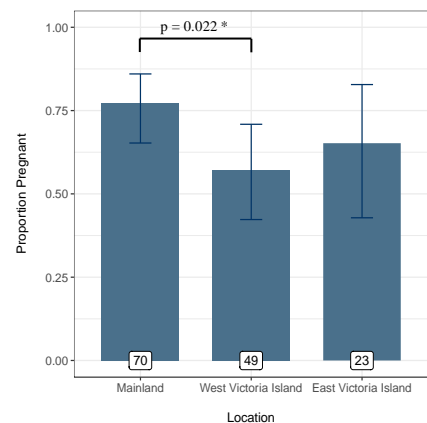
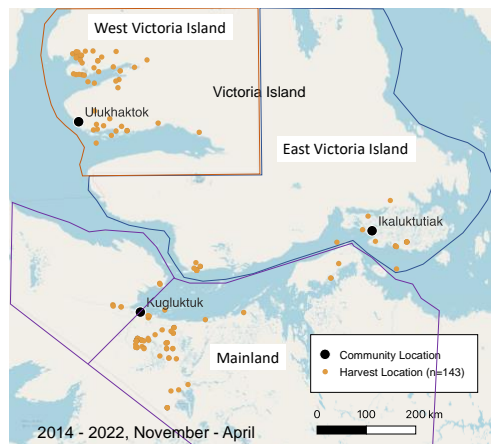
WHAT ARE WE FINDING?



Blood on filter paper

The current method of diagnosing pregnancy, measuring a hormone in feces, is not very accurate in muskoxen. Olivia trialed the use of dried blood on filter paper as a sample to measure a pregnancy-specific protein in captive pregnant muskoxen; this has proven to be an accurate method that can now be used with the harvester-based sampling program.

Muskox populations on Victoria Island have experienced recent declines, whereas the population on the adjacent mainland in Kugluktuk appears to be stable. The pregnancy rates measured from the harvester-based samples received over the past 8 years reflect this. We also found that younger animals and animals exposed to *Brucella* were less likely to be pregnant.



The proportion of pregnant animals from each location. Sample size is shown at the bottom of each bar.

WHY DOES THIS WORK MATTER?

Adapting our method of pregnancy diagnosis allowed us to test for pregnancy earlier and more accurately with a sample type that can be collected by hunters. From this, we can gain a better understanding of the drivers of pregnancy, which will contribute to long-term conservation efforts of muskoxen.

